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TO THE STUDENT OF ASTROL-OGY.

As to the common-place objections against Astrology, they are too superficial to be worth a moment's attention, much less to deter an active mind from pursuing its researches. A small degree of penetration in a student will soon enable him to perceive that his adversaries are men of little knowledge, or great prejudice, with very limited capacities, and almost incapable of reflection; without any original

thoughts, or, indeed, thoughts at all, but what they have borrowed, and such as have made few observations of their own, respecting themselves or the universe in general; men that are either absorbed in other speculations than those of nature, or who think only by permission; that would believe the legend, and deny the existence of the antipodes if others about them did the With them the vox populi is truly the vox Dei; the only argument capable of convincing them is a great show of hands; and any absurd hypothesis, having the major part of the world on its side. (a thing not very uncommon,) would soon add them to the number of its disciples. know that in answer to this the opinions of learned men may be quoted, but learning is not always united with discernment or real knowledge, any more than the words of a talking bird are united with ideas .-Learning is a mechanical acquirement, that may be possessed by a very silly person; and of this we have numberless instances. With such men reason is useless; they would oppose custom to reason, and authorities to facts. I once had an argument with one of these, a person of extensive learning and uniform dulness, except when relieved at intervals by a most unaccountable, persevering obstinacy. We were speaking of the Moon, which he denied had any influence on the weather. I pointed out to him and even predicted several instances wherein a change of weather would take place, which were most or all of them verified, and I won some trifling wagers from him on this score; but though still vanquished, as Goldsmith says, he would still argue, and with as much obstinacy as if he had never been proved to be in the wrong. I then began to appeal to his reason, and asked him,-if the Moon could move a fluid of such gravity as water, why it might not more easily effect the atmosphere, which was more light and elastic? He denied that I could prove that it did affect the water. Surely, said I, the tides prove that: this, too, he denied. He admitted that it was a strange coincidence of periods, but contended that they might have been as they are had the Moon never existed. I had some inclination to make him affirm (which I easily could have done) that day and night might have been the same had the Sun never existed; but I was weary of his folly.—Wilson's Dictionary of Astrology.

Letter from ZADKIEL, the English Astrologer.

London, England, 31st May, 1860.

DEAR SIR :- Your Monthly "Astrological Journal," for April and May, have reached me safely; and I beg to thank you for the same. I am well pleased to see such a work. I consider it a credit to the science and public spirit of America. given me pleasure to perceive that the infamous attempt to pass a law to suppress the science of Astrology has failed. had for a moment succeeded, your country would have been disgraced. What! put down by law the practice of a science which the famous Zerdusht, or Zoroaster The science that Plato uprevealed! held, that Claudius Ptolemy handed down to us, that Malancthon honored—that Bacon supported!

But these names are doubtless unknown to Mr. Moore at Harrisburg. Poor man! the stars may shine in vain for him. His intellect is, what shall I say? impenetrable.

I hope soon to be able to send you a brief paper for your Journal, but am at present fully occupied in preparing my Almanac for 1861. The chief astrological feature in that year will be the Great Conjunction of Saturn and Jupiter. It will take place exactly at 2 h. 8 m. 17 s., p. m., 21st October, 1861, by Greenwich mean time; and falls in Virgo 18° 22′ 52″. It will act wonderfully in favor of Louis Napoleon, who will gain still greater fame than ever, under its influence.

In this country, some of our great men in science are at length beginning to think that the Planets may have some influence on the weather, etc. But they fear the parson; who one and all fear that such a notion will

"let in astrology." Well, they may; for the public at length will insist on having the truth, and on being no longer humbugged about the matter.

Your Weather Guide for May has been very correct for this country. The end of this moath has brought fearful storms, with thunder, etc.. (文* 2/ △ 5 - ⑤ 6 果 & par. to Jupiter;) and over one hundred wrecks have taken place on the 29th May, and perhaps 1000 lives lost, also 80 lives lost on the coast of Holland in one vessel. Surely the ignorance of our savans, and yours also, on these matters, is not to be tolerated for ever, seeing that they demand such sacrifice of life and property!

Your well-wisher, ZADKIEL.

Te L. D. Broughton, 363 N. Tenth st., Phila.

We have no comments to make on the above letter, but no pains on our part will be spared to make our periodical a credit to the science and public spirit of America. Zadkiel is one of the most liberal Astrological authors that we have ever come across, and should he favor us with a few of his "brief papers," we have no doubt but our readers will be very much interested with them, as he is an astrological writer of no common abilities. And we consider Zadkiel's Almanac second to none published at its price, which is six pence, English money.

As a specimen of Zadkiel's style of writing, we will here insert a "brief paper" on destiny, as we find it in his Almanac for

1860.

DESTINY!

"I felt in my own heart I was forced back upon a career that in these more rational moments I loathed. I laid the blame upon my destiny, that convenient scapegoat on which a weak spirit places all the misfortunes and miseries brought about by its own incapacity or misconduct. Destiny. indeed ! as though Providence had not arranged that every man should be the framer of his own destiny, and that the strong, firm mind, the unblenching, fearless heart, should shape its course, steady and persevering to the end, though exposed to the storms of obloquy and buffeted by the waves of misfortune."—Digby Grand: by G. J. WHYTE MELVILLE, page 132.

The above is a specimen of the way in | which our modern fashionable writers treat the great point in philosophy involved in a right consideration of the question of destiny. The hollow argument, the inconsistent assertion, found in these few lines, are a sample of the kind of mental food offered to the novel reading public. The writer states that "misfortunes and miseries" are brought about by incapacity and misconduct; which to a certain degree is true; for, at least, those evils are aggravated and rendered more unbearable by "misconduct." But when he tells us that Providence has arranged that every man should be the framer of his own destiny, he simply tells us what is glaringly false if it were true, every man would, of course, frame for himself a very prosperous destiny. Who would subject themselves to "the proud man's contumely," or who would bear with "the oppressor's wrong," if he could, by his own efforts, frame to himself a better destiny? Does the orphan child, who, ignorant of its grievous loss, smiles at the pomp and glitter that attend its parent to the grave, frame for itself that bitter and Does the weeping unhappy destiny? widow, who sees her only support—him who found bread for her little ones-accidentally and suddenly swept away from the face of the earth, select for her own drinking that bitter cup from the hand of destiny? Are not a vast majority of "the ills that flesh is heir to" totally independent of any line of conduct followed by those who suffer therefrom? How can we control the conduct of others, even though too often there arises therefrom a fearful amount of blight to our hopes, and destruction to our prospects in life? These miserables, who make a bold assertion, and, like the coiner of false money, adopt a dashing style to put off the counterfeit, imagine that mankind have only to be told the untruth with a daring face, and that it will then needs go down and work all the evil of their poisonous inten-But let me ask the writer of this piece of philosophical buffoonery why he mentions "the waves of misfortune?"-How inconsistent is this! If there be no adverse "destiny" for the "strong, firm mind" he mentions, how can it meet with "misfortune?" Why should "the unblenching, fearless heart" not frame its des-

tiny free from the waves of misfortune while about the task? Surely, there is no mark of truth in this insane rhapsody. writer merely panders to the vile spirit of pride exhibited by the fortunate rich, who, as David expresses it, come not into trouble like other men. They fancy that their success in life is due to their own strength of mind, and their own unblenching, fearless hearts; and then they begin, like the unreasoning novel-writer, to exclaim, "I shall not be moved, for I shall never be in adversity." How different the argument of Whyte Melville to that of the wise man of old, who declared that "the race is not to the swift, nor the battle to the strong, neither yet bread to the wise, nor yet riches to men of understanding, nor yet favor to men of skill, but time and chance happeneth to them all " The words here rendered "time and chance" are KI-OTH UPEGONG IQURAH ATH-CALAM, literally meaning, "But time of good events and of evil events happeneth to them all."

But do not let me be understood to advocate the doctrine of blind fate, or inevitable destiny being over all a man does, which would reduce him to a mere machine, and render him no longer justly responsible for his deeds in this life. This view of the case is the opposite extreme, and just as far from the truth as that of Whyte Mel-The truth lies between these ex ville. tremes. Of the stars we may say, Agu. t, non cogunt; they act or incline, but nowiscompel. Every man has held out to him the evil and the good: he has free will to choose, and may, if he will, eschew the evil and accept the good, and, according to the light given him, must he be responsible for the deeds done in the body. The stars of their own power decree not future events: they are merely the instruments of their and our Creator; they do his will when they try our souls; but we have reason and the grace of God given us, whereby we may withstand the inclinations of the elements and of all things compounded of them. But never, perhaps, do they so fatally triumph over the weakness of human nature, as when they carry away the vain mind of a mortal man, and lead him to exclaim, in the direct language of insult to the majesty and goodness of God and His providence, "I will be the framer of my own destiny !"

Astrology Defended.

A NUT FOR MR. BONNER TO CRACK.

In the New York Ledger for March 6th, 1858, under the "Notice to Correspondents" may be found the following sentence:—Kate Wellwood: Fortune telling by cards, by casting nativities, or by any other method, is utterly false, and an insult to the Majesty of Heaven.

This is a rather sweeping kind of a sentence, and it would make short work of astrology, but it lacks one very important

element, and that is TRUTH.

But before we proceed to prove that the above sentence is false, from beginning to end, it perhaps will not be amiss to state how it originated.

Mr. Bonner commenced publishing a tale in the "New York Ledger" for January 2d, 1858, called "The Bride of an Evening," by Emma D. E. N. Southworth. And one of the characters which was introduced to act his part in the above named tale was an old Egyptian Astrologer, and the predictions which the astrologer made to Godfrey (another character in the tale,) being so very remarkable, and they having been partly fulfilled at the commencement of the story, all its readers appeared to be interested in the old astrologer and his predictions; and some of them wrote to Mr. Bonner to know his opinion on Astrology. and among others whose letters were noticed was Kate Wellwood's, and she was told that "it was utterly false and an insult to the Majesty of Heaven." But Kate Wellwood might have replied to Bonner, as Miss Paule (another character in the tale) answered Godfrey, when he said, "But your reason, Miss Paule, should arm you against such superstition." "My reason does not arm me with incredulity; reason only assures me that I should not reject a science because I cannot comprehend it."

It shows what ignorance there is on Astrology, and what prejudice there is against that science, when the editor of a paper that is said to have the largest circulation in the world, publishes through its columns that casting nativities is utterly false; and no one should have dared to make a reply. Can Mr. Bonner know more about Astrology than men that have spent all their

lives studying and investigating that seience. Does he understand it better than Dryden, Sir Isaac Newton, and Cardinal Richelieu did? If not, how did he discover that it is utterly false, when they never could find it out; did it prove utterly false when Mr. Dryden cast his son's nativity, and when we cast Heenan's nativity, and the nativity of the President, and a thousand others that we might mention, where the predictions have been fulfilled to the very letter.

It is evident that Mr. Bonner is altogether ignorant of the first rudiments of casting nativities, or else he would not have added that "it is an insult to the Majesty of Heaven." This clause puts us in mind of some ignorant persons when they come to have their Planet read, as soon as they get into the room they begin by saying, "Now, Mr. Broughton, I have come to see you again. I know it is very wicked for me to come to such a place as this, but I hope I shall be forgiven. I would not have any of our church members to see me here for all the world; but you told me so correctly all my past life, and what you told me about the future has all come out so true, that really I could not resist the temptation to But I hope the Lord will come again. pardon me," &c. It is very common for us to listen to such sermons as the above. and no wonder that ignorant people should get such stuff into their heads, when the editor of a paper that has the largest circulation in the United States, preaches the same doctrine.

Some people that have no knowledge of Astrology think that it is awful wicked to have anything to do with that science, and that astrologers cannot tell anything by the positions of heavenly bodies, neither past, present, nor future, unless they have dealings with the Devil. In writing this, it brings to mind a case in point which took place the other day; a Spanish lady came to have her nativity cast, and when we begun to tell her the complexion, and describe the gentleman that she kept company with, and that he had a great liking for music, &c., after looking around the room, she exclaimed in broken English, " You must have the old boy in some corner or other."

(To be continued in our next.)

Broughton to His Readers.

It is with pleasure that we inform our readers that the "Planet Reader" has begun to attract the attention of men of science on the other side of the Atlantic, and that one of them has offered to write for our Journal. If we can succeed in getting such men as Zadkiel to pen "brief papers" for our periodical, men who have been publishing Astronomical Almanacs, Monthly Horoscopes, and Astrological Text Books. &c., for over thirty years. If scientific men like these begin to make calculations and write for our Journal, men whose hair have grown gray in studying and investigating the science of Astrology, and removing the tares and rubbish which its enemies have heaped around it, then will the "Monthly Planet" begin to shine with increasing splendor, and its revolutions will extend round the earth, to shed upon its readers its cheering light, then will Astrology indeed prove triumphant, and its enemies be confounded.

According to promise, we have commenced to give the editor of the "New York Ledger" a nut to crack, and if we do not make the blood tingle in the long ears of Mr. Bonner before we let his nose escape from the grindstone of truth, we are grieviously deceived. If we do not rend from his brazen face of impudence and arrogance the veil of ignorance which conceals the true character of this wiseacre, who has fattened so long upon the prejudice and tortuous education of that portion of the public who read his hashed up absurdities, we are wrong in the estimation of our powers.

The science of Astrology has been so unfashionable of late years that every ass thinks he has a right to kick at it; but like St Paul of old they may discover that they have been kicking against the pricks, as they will have to strike very hard before they can kick truth out of existence.

Nativity of Hon. Step. A. Douglas.

Ye that can look through heaven, and tell the stars, Observe their kind conjunctions and their wars, Find out new lights, and give them where you please—To these men honors, pleasures; to those, case—You that are God's surveyors, and can show How far, and when, and why the wind can blow, Know all the charges of the dreadful thunder, And when it will shoot over, or fall under;

Tell me, by all your art, I conjure ye, Yea, and by truth, what shall become of me; Find out my star, if each one, as you say, Have his peculiar plauet, and his way.

Just as we are going to press, we learn. from the public journals, that Stephen A. Douglas has been nominated for President. It is almost more than we expected, as he has had several very evil aspects in his Nativity during the months of April and May, which made us half inclined to judge that they would entirely throw him, or prevent him from being nominated at this time, as they did on the 23d of April at Charleston. Hon. S. A. Douglas was born on the 23d of April, 1813, and from different calculations that we have made in his Nativity, we think that he must have been born a few minutes before twelve o'clock at noon. If that be the correct time of birth, he was born under the Sun in the Sign Taurus. As we said above, that Mr. Douglas has had several very evil aspects in his Nativity of late, and he has several evil aspects coming on, that is Saturn coming to a Square of Herschel's place, (Transit) and the Moon to a Square of Jupiter, (Secondary Directions.) But at the same time he has two very good aspects coming on, and that is the planet Jupiter, passing over its own place and then over the ascendant, which are very fortunate aspects for Mr. Douglas; but, whether they will be sufficient to place him in the President's chair in spite of the exil aspects before named, and the other aspirants for that honored seat, we cannot at present say, antil we have had time to mature our judgment, by comparing his Nativity with the other candidates who have been nominated, and who are likely to be brought forward.

Nativity of Hon. John C. Breckenridge Nominated for President by the Seceding Democrats at their Baltimore Convention.

According to "Harper's Weekly," Mr. John C. Breckenridge was born January 21st, 1821. But the news of his nomination arrived too late to give us time to find out the hour and minute of his birth. We are of the opinion he has a fortunate Nativity, as the position of the planets on the day that he was born was very favorable, perhaps more so than in Douglas' Nativity, and should he not withdraw his name, we think that he will be a great rival to the

last named gentleman for the Presidential chair, as he has a very fortunate aspect coming on, and that is the planet Jupiter coming to a sextile to the Sun and Venus, (Secondary directions,) but at the same time he has the evil planet Saturn coming to a conjunction of the Moon's place, which will be a great draw-back for him. But we cannot enter into particulars this month, we will though in our next number, as we shall have all the Candidates' Nativities by that time.

We think that it is a pity that some of the political parties could not have placed on nomination a man with a fortunate Nativity, and with fortunate aspects coming on. And then they need not have had any fears about him not being elected President.

(Continued from page 24, No. 3.)
Our Reply to "Wilkes' Spirit."

We said that we were of the opinion that he (Heenan) was born about 5 o'clock in the afternoon; but we find that astrologer Mellen differs from us in the time of Heenan's birth, and "places the hour of birth in the evening between 9 and 10 o'clock" Astrologer Mellen may be right and we may be wrong; but there is one thing certain, that, if Heenan was born between 9 and 10 o'clock at night on the 2d of May, 1835, he could not be born under neither the planets Saturn, Venus nor Mars. the sign Sagittary was ascending at the above named time, and Jupiter being lord of that sign, of course Heenan was born under the planet Jupiter. And whether that planet will describe such a fighting character as Heenan or not we will leave it to better astrologers than ourselves to de-If Heenan was born between 9 and 10 o'clock at night on the 2d of May, 1835, Saturn was eighteen degrees in Libra, within fifteen degrees of culminating, or the cusp of the tenth house, and as it takes the planet Saturn twenty-nine years, one hundred and sixty-seven days and five hours to travel round the heavens, of course Heenan could not have Saturn in the tenth house at all, at the present time, nor before he is over twenty-nine years old, as it will take the planet Saturn the above named period to go round the heavens to the same place that he was in when Heenan was born.

Wilson says, in his Dictionary of Astrology, page 7, that "the Aphetic" or Giver of Life, "places are five, viz., the whole space of the 1st, 7th, 9th, 10th and 11th houses." And Ptolemy in his Tetrabibles Book III, page 131, speaking of the Giver of Life, says, " No degrees under the earth are, in any manner, eligible to the dominion now in question, except such only as enter into light actually above the succeedent, or, in other words, with the ascendant." Therefore if Heenan was born between 9 and 10 o'clock at night on the 2d of May, 1835, the Sun being at that time under the earth could not be the Giver of Life, according to the rules of Astrology, so the evil aspect of the Sun and Saturn would not have affected Heenan's health at the time he fought Morrissey, because the Moon in that case would have been the Giver of Life, if he was born at the above named time, as the Moon was then in the seventh house.

We have not space to say more on this subject, but we think that we have shown that astrologer Mellen did not know the first rudiments of Astrology, therefore there is no wonder that he should have made such blunders as he did, and that there is no wonder that people should get down on Astrology, when such Jackasses as astrologer Mullen begin to make predictions. But what shall we say about the different newspaper editors that have got hold of Astrologer Mellen's predictions and are exulting over them as a kind of death-blow to Astrology? we are of opinion that astrologer Mellen and the said editors ought to shake hands together and say "we are brethren all."

Predictions on the Fate of Nation for the Summer of 1860.

The Summer quarter commences June 21st, at 0 h. 43 m, A. M. Philadelphia time.

"Beantiful Stars, in other days, The prophet's eyes might read your rays, And tell of many a strange event, Of warfare and of warning sent."

The Summer Solstice falls out this year at the time above stated, when 9 degrees of Capricorn will culminate, and 16 degrees of Aries will occupy the cusp of the ascendant. Mars is ruler of the scheme, and is retrograde on the cusp of the elevanth

house, in opposition to Venus, and coming to an opposition Jupiter and the Moon. The configurations are ominous, and foreshadow much difficulty and treachery among politicians, and there will be much excitement throughout the country. Douglas, Bell and Lincoln all have evil aspecis in their Nativities, and each in their turn will become unpopular, and there will be much danger of their respective parties disagreeing and falling out with each other.

Trade and commerce will not be good this Summer and money affairs will be tight throughout the United States, and there will be much dissatisfaction among the Things still bear an unworking classes. favorable aspect in Mexico, and we look for news of a startling nature from that

nation.

The coming harvest will be plentiful and provisions will be at a reasonable price. But there is danger of heavy floods and rivers over-flowing their banks, so as to destroy much valuable property in different parts of the Union.

The affairs in Europe are in a very unsettled condition. Louis Napoleon has very evil aspects afflicting his Nativity; he will be in danger of being surrounded with plots and conspiracies against his power and his King Leopold, Francis Joseph, and the Pope, all labor under malign influences.

Predictions for the Month of July, '60 The new Moon, from which we make our prediction for July, occurs June 19th, at 0 h. 23 m., A. M., Philadelphia time. Three degrees of Capricorn is on the tenth house, and five degrees of Aries on the The planet Mars, lord of the ascendant. ascendant, is in the eleventh house, in opposition to Venus, lady of the second house. These are conflicting indications; the evil Trade and commerce will predominating. be dull, and money very scarce this month and "hard times, hard times," will be in every body's mouth.

Philadelphia still feels the evil effects of Saturn in Leo. Much excitement will prevail among the political parties and danger of large fires breaking out in this city, and robberies will be plentiful. Trade and business of all kinds will remain dull until the Fall. New York will suffer from the

in Cancer, its ruling Sign. There will be much excitement in that city, and business begins to fall off.

On account of not having room this. month, we shall make predictions from the Eclipse of the Sun in our next number.

From the New York Weekly, for February 2d, 1860.

HOROSCOPE OF THE PRINCE OF WALES

"The Nativity of his Royal Highnessthe Prince of Wales, born 9th of Nov. 1841, at 48 minutes past 10 o'clock in the morning. Calculated by William Parker, Astronomer, Cambridge road, Mile End London. According to the estimated or given time of the Royal Native's birth, the constellation Sagittarus arose in the oriental horizon, giving the beautiful planet Jupiter as his ruling star. I take the Configurations and Stations of the Firmament, with the heavenly bodies therein, to be excellent. For these bespeak the scholar and the gentleman as far as abilities are concern-The moon in Virgo, makes him ed. lively, witty, agreeable, somewhat profuse or generous, yet sceptical and of considerable judgment, hasty in his temper, somewhat obstinate, somewhat aspiring, but one who is a sensible judicious Prince-who will be in many things self-taught, in others taking: quickly. It seems likely that the Native, generally speaking, will enjoy a good state of health; but there will besevere sickness in the 37th and 41st. years, and more dangerous near 49 and 53 years of age. He will travel, both far and near—will many times cross the aquatic elements, and have many shorter peregrinations, and many removals,. short journeys, or changes of residence. In all kinds of pleasure, amours, intrigues, love affairs, the Royal Nativewill be fortunate. Of marriage: and herein must be chiefly considered the position of the Moon and Venus. I evil effects of the total eclipse of the Sun think his wife will be rather tall and

dark hair, a highly ingenious, clever As to the time of Marriage, I lady. judge the Royal Native will enter upon that state about the age of 19 years and ten months. Should, however, it be put off at that time he will be single to From the present time up to his 18th birthday there are prosperous and, indeed, famous directions which will give agreat increase of wealth and worldly possessions. From that time to 48 years of age, little seems to molest the tranquility of the Royal Native; his prosperity will be showered upon him. To conclude this judgment, I must again affirm that it is a very propitious Nativity: the Native is born under fortunate stars; and, indeed, positive am I that he will experience full many of fortune's favors."

BROUGHTON'S WEATHER GUIDE FOR THE MONTH OF JULY, 1860.

See Zadkiel's letter on page 26 of this number, in reference to our predictions on the weather for the month of May, 1860.

We are of the opinion that if captains of vessels understood astro-meteorology a little better than they do, they might guard against storms, and accidents arising from them; very much, and might often save their vessels and the lives of their passengers when both, under the present ignorance of astro-meteorology, are often lost. long will prejudice and ignorance bear the Some of our readers perhaps will say that as we are fortupe-tellers we ought to be able to tell that, without having to ask the question. But we must acknowledge that that is beyond our skill, as ignorance and prejudice have reigned so long in the world, God only knows when they will

July will open with rather cloudy weather; 2d expect wind and rain; 3d and 4th more seasonable weather, but showers, and perhaps thunder; 5th windy; 6th wind and somewhat cold, with thunder and lightning; 7th cold for the time of the year; then fine weather until the 16th, then expect storms with much thunder and lightning to the 20th; from 20th to 24th fair

well shaped, fair or sanguine, oval face, dark hair, a highly ingenious, clever lady. As to the time of Marriage, I judge the Royal Native will enter upon that state about the age of 19 years and ten months. Should, however, it be put off at that time he will be single to 21. From the present time up to his shaped, fair or sanguine, oval face, with some rain and wind to the 28th; from the 28th to the end of the month expect fine seasonable weather. We expect about the 18th, when the total eclipse of the Sun will take place, besides several other mutual aspects, that there will be great changes in the weather; and perhaps much atmospheric commotion.

Not mere Chance.

In the newspapers of February, 1820, the death of a Mr. Samuel Hemmings was noticed. It was seated that he had been an ironmonger, and prosperous in tradethat he was born on the 4th of June, 1738. at nearly the same moment as his Majesty George 3d, and in the same parish of St. Martin's-in-the-Fields; that he went into business for himself in October, 1760, on the very day his Majesty came to the throne; that he married on the 8th of September, 1761, (the same day as the King); and finally, after many other events of his life had resembled those which happened to his Majesty, he died on Saturday, January 27th, 1829, on the self same day, and nearly at the same hour as his Majesty! QUERY: After such an authenticated and luminous instance as the foregoing, where the lives of two individuals, born at the same moment, corresponded in every remarkable particular, even in life and death, can the astrologer be justly accused of superstition or absurdity, should he pronounce the fates of mankind to be subject to planetary influence? Or can any rational mind, upon mature and sober reflection, attribute the foregoing agreement in their destinies, to mere chance.

Another Remarkable Coincidence.

"Some years ago the wife of a sailor named Fify, risiding in King street, North Shields, had two daughters at one birth. More recently those daughters were married within three days of each other, to two sailors, commenced housekeeping in King street, within three doors of each other, and presented their lords and masters with twin daughters."—Tyne, England, Pilot.